

# Floral Watercolour and Wax Paintings

Visual Arts Grade 10

# Investigation

- Students will use the <u>Alberta Foundation for the Arts</u> website to locate and view artworks by:
  - Medium: Watercolor and then
  - Subject: Flowers
- Next, students will use the website tool, "My Collection" to create their own exhibit of flower and watercolour paintings by choosing six of their favorite artworks.
- Last, students will work in pairs and use the vocabulary of art (Elements and Principles of Design) to discuss the components of composition in the artworks they have selected.

# Watercolour Techniques

- Teach students the following watercolour techniques:
- Graduated wash
- Dry brush
- Wet-in-wet
- Scoring
- Salt
- Water spray
- Wax Resist



**Example of Watercolour Techniques Worksheet** 

# Drawing

- Set-up a still-life of flowers
  - Remind students that both the positive space (flowers and leaves) and negative space (area around flowers and leaves) should be interesting
  - Apply masking tape to create a border on your watercolour paper (it will be removed when the painting is finished)
  - Lightly draw the floral arrangement on the watercolour paper
  - Remind students to draw what they see (wrinkles, folds and angles of flowers and leaves)
  - Focus on the outlines of each plant's structure

#### Wax Resist

- Use four wax crayons to draw over your pencil lines
  - Choose two medium
  - Choose two light



# Painting the Background

- Choose either a warm colour (red, orange, yellow) or a cool colour (blue, green purple) scheme for the background
- Use the wet-on-wet technique to paint the background
- As you paint the background, use the end of your paintbrush to score in more shapes behind your main flowers
- As soon as you're finished scoring, add a sprinkle of salt in that area
- Let the background dry
- Use similar colours to the background, and the wet on dry technique to paint the scored shapes in the background (blend the hard edges)

# Painting the Foreground

- Choose the opposite colour scheme of the background to paint the foreground flowers
- Use shading and highlighting to create 3-dimensionally
- When the painting has dried, use the wet on dry technique to paint in veins and details
- Once the entire painting has dried, use dark and medium crayons to add texture and details

#### Final Details

- Carefully remove the masking tape
- Give your painting a title in the centre of the bottom white border
- Write your name in the bottom right-hand corner

# Example: Bloom Where You are Planted



# Goals/Concepts/Assessment

- Goals and concepts are from the Senior High Alberta Education Art Curriculum.
- Goals and Concepts are listed for two major components of the curriculum - Drawings and Compositions.
- Assessment: I can statements follow the goals and concepts as an assessment tool to determine what students have learned.

#### **Drawings**

- Goal: Students will combine description, expression and cognition in the drawing process.
- Concept: Subject matter and expressive intention can be depicted with a variety of notational marks.
- Student I can draw plant contours accurately and realistically.

#### **Compositions**

- Goal: Students extend their knowledge of and familiarity with the elements and principles of design through composing 2-D images.
- Concept: Colour and value concepts are important components of an artist's compositional skill.
- Student I can create 3-D effects on my foreground flowers by highlighting and shading.
- Student I can use warm and cool colours to create contrast.

#### **Compositions**

- Goal: Students extend their knowledge of and familiarity with the elements and principles of design through composing 2-D images.
- Concept: Positive and negative space are essential to the description of two and three dimensional forms.
- Student I can create depth in my painting by using the watercolour techniques of scoring, layering and shading.

#### **Compositions**

- Goal: Students will use the vocabulary of art criticism to develop and accept their own work.
- Concept: Describing and discussing media and techniques used in one's own works will develop vocabulary.
- Student I can discuss my work by describing water colour techniques and using the elements and principles of design.

## Required Materials

- Floral arrangements
- Watercolour paint
- Watercolour brushes
- 12 x 18" watercolour paper
- Coarse salt
- Wax crayons
- Masking tape
- Spray bottle